FILED

JANICE K. BREWER
SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

CHAPTER 143

## **HOUSE BILL 2093**

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 28-672, 28-675, 28-676 AND 28-797, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO SCHOOL CROSSINGS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 28-672, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 28-672. <u>Causing serious physical injury or death by a moving violation; classification; penalties</u>

- A. A person is guilty of causing serious physical injury or death by a moving violation if the person violates any one of the following and the violation results in an accident causing serious physical injury as defined in section 13-105 or death to another person:
  - 1. Section 28-645, subsection A, paragraph 3, subdivision (a).
  - 2. Section 28-772.
  - 3. Section 28-792.
  - 4. Section 28-794.
  - 5. Section 28-797, subsection E- F, or G, H OR I.
  - 6. Section 28-855, subsection B.
  - 7. Section 28-857, subsection A.
- B. A person who violates this section shall attend and successfully complete traffic survival school training and educational sessions that are designed to improve the safety and habits of drivers and that are approved by the department. In addition, the court may order the person to perform community restitution.
- C. The court shall report a conviction for a violation of this section to the department and may direct the department to suspend the person's driving privilege for not more than ninety days if the violation results in serious physical injury as defined in section 13-105 and not more than one hundred eighty days if the violation results in death.
- D. If a person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to any other statute because of an incident involving a violation of this section, the suspension period prescribed in subsection C of this section shall run concurrently with the other suspension period.
- E. If a person fails to successfully complete traffic survival school training and educational sessions or perform community restitution pursuant to this section, the court shall notify the department and the department shall promptly suspend the driver license or permit of the driver or the privilege of a nonresident to drive a motor vehicle in this state until the order is satisfied.
- F. If the person who suffers serious physical injury as a result of a violation of this section appears before the court in which the action is pending at any time before trial and acknowledges receipt of satisfaction for the injury, on payment of the costs incurred, the court shall order that the prosecution be dismissed and the defendant be discharged. The reasons for the order shall be set forth and entered of record, and the order shall be a bar to another prosecution for the same offense.

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- G. Restitution awarded pursuant to section 13-603 as a result of a 1 violation of this section shall not exceed ten thousand dollars. 2 H. A person who violates this section is guilty of a class 3 3 misdemeanor, except that if the violation results in the death of another 4 person the maximum fine for the person shall be one thousand dollars. 5 Sec. 2. Section 28-675, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 6 28-675. Causing death by use of a vehicle; classification 7 A. A person is guilty of causing death by use of a vehicle if all of 8 9 the following apply: 1. The person is not allowed to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to 10 subsection B of this section. 11 2. While operating a motor vehicle, the person causes the death of 12 another person. 13 3. The person commits a violation of any of the following: 14 (a) Section 28-645, subsection A, paragraph 3, subdivision (a). 15 (b) Section 28-772. 16 17 (c) Section 28-792. (d) Section 28-794. 18 (e) Section 28-797, subsection E F, or G, H OR I. 19 (f) Section 28-855, subsection B. 20 (g) Section 28-857, subsection A. 21 B. For the purposes of this section, a person shall not operate a 22 motor vehicle if any of the following applies: 23 1. The person's driving privilege is revoked for any reason. 24 2. The person's driving privilege is suspended for any reason pursuant 25 to chapter 4, article 3 of this title. 26 27 3. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to section 28 28-1321. 4. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to the 29 department's action based on a previous conviction for a violation of section 30 31 28-3473. 5. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to section 32 28-3306, subsection A, paragraph 3. 33
  - 306, subsection A, paragraph 3. 6. The person does one of the following to obtain a driver license:
    - the person does one of the fortisting to obtain a an
    - (a) Knowingly uses a false or fictitious name.
    - (b) Knowingly makes a false statement.
  - (c) Knowingly conceals a material fact.
  - (d) Commits fraud.

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- (e) Violates section 28-3479.
- C. Causing death by use of a vehicle is a class 4 felony.
- Sec. 3. Section 28-676, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
- 28-676. <u>Causing serious physical injury by use of a vehicle</u>;

## <u>classification</u>

A. A person is guilty of causing serious physical injury by use of a vehicle if all of the following apply:

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- 1. The person is not allowed to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection B of this section.
  - 2. While operating a motor vehicle, the person causes serious physical injury, as defined in section 13-105, to another person.
    - 3. The person commits a violation of any of the following:
    - (a) Section 28-645, subsection A, paragraph 3, subdivision (a).
    - (b) Section 28-772.
    - (c) Section 28-792.
    - (d) Section 28-794.
    - (e) Section 28-797, subsection E-F, or G, H OR I.
    - (f) Section 28-855, subsection B.
    - (g) Section 28-857, subsection A.
  - B. For the purposes of this section, a person shall not operate a motor vehicle if any of the following applies:
    - 1. The person's driving privilege is revoked for any reason.
  - 2. The person's driving privilege is suspended for any reason pursuant to chapter 4, article 3 of this title.
  - 3. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to section 28-1321.
  - 4. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to the department's action based on a previous conviction for a violation of section 28-3473.
  - 5. The person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to section 28-3306, subsection A, paragraph 3.
    - 6. The person does one of the following to obtain a driver license:
    - (a) Knowingly uses a false or fictitious name.
    - (b) Knowingly makes a false statement.
    - (c) Knowingly conceals a material fact.
    - (d) Commits fraud.
    - (e) Violates section 28-3479.
  - C. Causing serious physical injury by use of a vehicle is a class 5 felony.
    - Sec. 4. Section 28-797, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 28-797. School crossings; civil penalty; assessment; definition
  - A. The director, with respect to state highways, or the officer, board or commission of the appropriate jurisdiction, with respect to county highways or city or town streets, by and with the advice of the school district governing board or county school superintendent may mark or cause to be marked by the department or local authorities crosswalks in front of each school building or school grounds abutting the crosswalks where children are required to cross the highway or street.
  - B. The department or local authorities may approve additional crossings across highways not abutting on school grounds on application of school authorities and with written satisfactory assurance given the department or local authorities that guards will be maintained by the school

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district at the crossings to enforce the proper use of the crossing by school children.

- C. The manual prescribed in section 28-641 shall provide for yellow marking of the school crossing, yellow marking of the center line of the roadway and the erection of portable signs indicating that vehicles must stop when persons are in the crossing. The manual shall also provide the type and wording of portable signs indicating that school is in session and that the civil penalty for a violation of this section will be doubled when the signs are present and permanent signs that warn of the approach to school crossings.
- D. When the school crossings are established, school authorities shall place within the highway the portable signs indicating that school is in session. This placement shall be not more than three hundred feet from each side of the school crossing. In addition, portable "stop when children are in crosswalk" signs shall be placed at school crossings. School authorities shall maintain these signs when school is in session and shall cause them to be removed immediately when school is not in session.
  - F. E. Notwithstanding any other law:
- 1. An agency of appropriate jurisdiction may establish a school crossing on an unpaved highway or street adjacent to a school when the agency determines the need for the school crossing on the basis of a traffic study. School crossings on unpaved highways and streets shall be marked by the use of signs as prescribed in the manual prescribed in section 28-641.
- 2. A local authority may establish a school crossing at an intersection containing a traffic control signal if the local authority determines the need for a school crossing on the basis of a traffic study.
- E. F. A vehicle approaching the crosswalk shall not proceed at a speed of more than fifteen miles per hour between the portable signs placed on the highway indicating "school in session" and "stop when children are in crosswalk".
- G. When a school authority places and maintains the required portable "school in session" signs and "stop when children are in crosswalk" signs, all vehicles shall come to a complete stop at the school crossing when the crosswalk is occupied by a person.
- H. A VEHICLE APPROACHING THE CROSSWALK SHALL NOT PROCEED AT A SPEED OF MORE THAN FIFTEEN MILES PER HOUR BETWEEN THE PORTABLE SIGNS PLACED ON THE HIGHWAY INDICATING "SCHOOL IN SESSION", "STOP WHEN CHILDREN ARE IN CROSSWALK" AND "CIVIL PENALTY WILL BE DOUBLED".
- I. WHEN A SCHOOL AUTHORITY PLACES AND MAINTAINS THE REQUIRED PORTABLE "SCHOOL IN SESSION" SIGNS, "STOP WHEN CHILDREN ARE IN CROSSWALK" SIGNS AND "CIVIL PENALTY WILL DOUBLE" SIGNS, ALL VEHICLES SHALL COME TO A COMPLETE STOP AT THE SCHOOL CROSSING WHEN A PERSON IS IN THE CROSSWALK.
- H. J. If a person is found responsible for a violation of SUBSECTION F OR G OF this section, the person is subject to a civil penalty. for the violation and, if the violation occurs during the time portable signs have

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been erected pursuant to this section, the person shall pay an additional assessment equal to the amount of that civil penalty. This assessment is not subject to any surcharge.

- K. IF A PERSON IS FOUND RESPONSIBLE FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION HOR I OF THIS SECTION. THE PERSON IS SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY AND SHALL PAY AN ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE CIVIL PENALTY. THE ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENT IS NOT SUBJECT TO ANY SURCHARGE.
- PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION K OF THIS SECTION at the same time the court collects the civil penalty. Partial payments of the total amount due pursuant to this subsection shall be divided according to the proportion that the civil penalty, the penalty assessments levied pursuant to sections 12-116.01 and 12-116.02 and the additional assessment imposed pursuant to this section represent of the total amount due. The court and the department shall treat failure to pay the additional assessment imposed pursuant to this subsection in the same manner as failure to pay a civil penalty, including taking action against the person's driver license or permit or privilege to drive pursuant to sections 28-1601, 28-3153 and 28-3305.
- J. M. If a person is found responsible for a violation of PURSUANT TO subsection H- K of this section in a justice court or superior court, the court shall transmit monies received to pay the additional assessment to the county treasurer. If a person is found responsible for a violation of PURSUANT TO subsection H- K of this section in a municipal court, the court shall transmit the monies received to pay the additional assessment to the city treasurer. The city or county treasurer shall deposit the monies received to pay the additional assessment in a fund to pay for costs related to enforcement of this section.
- K. N. For the purposes of this section, "school in session", when used either in reference to the period of time or to signs, means during school hours or while children are going to or leaving school during opening or closing hours.

Sec. 5. <u>Effective date</u>

This act is effective from and after December 31, 2008.

PPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 1, 2008.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 1, 2008.